

# The Interlopers

Saki

Michael Busselle/Getty Images.

## IDENTIFY

Which character are you introduced to in the first paragraph? What is he looking for in the forest?

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## VOCABULARY

**precipitous** (prē-sip'ə-təs)  
*adj.*: very steep.

**acquiesced** (ak'wē-est') *v.*  
(used with *in*): accepted;  
agreed; consented.

*Acquiesce* has the same Latin origin as *quiet*. Someone who *acquiesces* agrees quietly and without excitement.

In a forest of mixed growth somewhere on the eastern spurs of the Carpathians,<sup>1</sup> a man stood one winter night watching and listening, as though he waited for some beast of the woods to come within the range of his vision and, later, of his rifle. But the game for whose presence he kept so keen an outlook was none that figured in the sportsman's calendar as lawful and proper for the chase; Ulrich von Gradwitz patrolled the dark forest in quest of a human enemy.

10 The forest lands of Gradwitz were of wide extent and well stocked with game; the narrow strip of **precipitous** woodland that lay on its outskirts was not remarkable for the game it harbored or the shooting it afforded, but it was the most jealously guarded of all its owner's territorial possessions. A famous lawsuit, in the days of his grandfather, had wrested it from the illegal possession of a neighboring family of petty landowners; the dispossessed party had never **acquiesced** in the judgment of the courts, and a long series of poaching affrays<sup>2</sup> and similar scan-

1. **Carpathians** (kär-pā'thē-ənz): mountain range that starts in Slovakia and extends through Poland, Ukraine, and Romania.
2. **poaching affrays** (ə-frāz'): noisy quarrels or brawls about poaching, which means "fishing or hunting illegally on private property."

dals had embittered the relationships between the families for three generations. The neighbor feud had grown into a personal one since Ulrich had come to be head of his family; if there was a man in the world whom he detested and wished ill to, it was Georg Znaeum, the inheritor of the quarrel and the tireless game snatcher and raider of the disputed border forest. The feud might, perhaps, have died down or been compromised if the personal ill will of the two men had not stood in the way; as boys they had thirsted for one another's blood, as men each prayed that misfortune might fall on the other, and this wind-scourged winter night Ulrich had banded together his foresters to watch the dark forest, not in quest of four-footed quarry, but to keep a lookout for the prowling thieves whom he suspected of being afoot from across the land boundary. The roebuck,<sup>3</sup> which usually kept in the sheltered hollows during a storm wind, were running like driven things tonight, and there was movement and unrest among the creatures that were wont to sleep through the dark hours. Assuredly there was a disturbing element in the forest, and Ulrich could guess the quarter from whence it came.

He strayed away by himself from the watchers whom he had placed in ambush on the crest of the hill and wandered far down the steep slopes amid the wild tangle of undergrowth, peering through the tree trunks and listening through the whistling and skirling<sup>4</sup> of the wind and the restless beating of the branches for sight or sound of the **marauders**. If only on this wild night, in this dark, lone spot, he might come across Georg Znaeum, man to man, with none to witness—that was the wish that was uppermost in his thoughts. And as he stepped round the trunk of a huge beech he came face to face with the man he sought.

The two enemies stood glaring at one another for a long silent moment. Each had a rifle in his hand, each had hate in his heart and murder uppermost in his mind. The chance had come

3. **roebuck** (rō'buk') *n.*: male (or males) of the roe deer, small deer that live in Europe and Asia.

4. **skirling** (skurl'in) *v.* used as *n.*: shrill, piercing sound.

### IDENTIFY

Re-read lines 19–31. Underline what you learn about why the two men continue the fight between the neighboring families. Whom is Ulrich feuding with?

### VOCABULARY

**marauders** (mə-rôd'-ərz) *n.*: people who roam around in search of loot, or goods to steal.

### WORD STUDY

In lines 44–45, underline the **compound word**—a word that is made up of two words. What does this compound word mean?

### IDENTIFY

In lines 48–49, circle the sentence in which the **omniscient narrator** tells you what each character is thinking and feeling.

## IDENTIFY

Circle the important event that happens to the two enemies (lines 56–59).

## MONITOR YOUR READING

Draw lines to break down the long sentence in lines 69–72 into shorter units of thought. Then, paraphrase the sentence.

## VOCABULARY

**exasperation**  
(eg·zas'pər-ā'shən) *n.*: great annoyance.

**pious** (pī'əs) *adj.*: showing religious devotion.

to give full play to the passions of a lifetime. But a man who has been brought up under the code of a restraining civilization cannot easily nerve himself to shoot down his neighbor in cold blood and without a word spoken, except for an offense against his hearth and honor. And before the moment of hesitation had given way to action, a deed of Nature's own violence overwhelmed them both. A fierce shriek of the storm had been answered by a splitting crash over their heads, and ere they could leap aside, a mass of falling beech tree had thundered down on them. Ulrich von Gradwitz found himself stretched on the ground, one arm numb beneath him and the other held almost as helplessly in a tight tangle of forked branches, while both legs were pinned beneath the fallen mass. His heavy shooting boots had saved his feet from being crushed to pieces, but if his fractures were not as serious as they might have been, at least it was evident that he could not move from his present position till someone came to release him. The descending twigs had slashed the skin of his face, and he had to wink away some drops of blood from his eyelashes before he could take in a general view of the disaster. At his side, so near that under ordinary circumstances he could almost have touched him, lay Georg Znaeum, alive and struggling, but obviously as helplessly pinioned<sup>5</sup> down as himself. All round them lay a thick-strewn wreckage of splintered branches and broken twigs.

Relief at being alive and **exasperation** at his captive plight brought a strange medley of **pious** thank offerings and sharp curses to Ulrich's lips. Georg, who was nearly blinded with the blood which trickled across his eyes, stopped his struggling for a moment to listen, and then gave a short, snarling laugh.

80 “So you’re not killed, as you ought to be, but you’re caught, anyway,” he cried, “caught fast. Ho, what a jest, Ulrich von Gradwitz snared in his stolen forest. There’s real justice for you!”

And he laughed again, mockingly and savagely.

5. **pinioned** (pin'yənd) *v.* used as *adj.*: pinned, as if chained or tied up.





### MONITOR YOUR READING

Re-read the long sentence in lines 118–124. Then, **summarize** the sentence.

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### FLUENCY

Read the boxed passage aloud several times. Focus on conveying the different attitudes of Ulrich and Georg.

### VOCABULARY

**languor** (lan'gər) *n.*: weakness; weariness.

### IDENTIFY

In lines 132–137, the narrator reveals an important change in Ulrich's attitude. Circle the important change the narrator tells you about.

any of the liquid down his throat. But what a heaven-sent draft<sup>6</sup> it seemed! It was an open winter<sup>7</sup>, and little snow had fallen as yet, hence the captives suffered less from the cold than might have been the case at that season of the year; nevertheless, the wine was warming and reviving to the wounded man, and he looked across with something like a throb of pity to where his enemy lay, just keeping the groans of pain and weariness from crossing his lips.

“Could you reach this flask if I threw it over to you?” asked Ulrich suddenly. “There is good wine in it, and one may as well be as comfortable as one can. Let us drink, even if tonight one of us dies.”

“No, I can scarcely see anything; there is so much blood caked round my eyes,” said Georg; “and in any case I don’t drink wine with an enemy.”

Ulrich was silent for a few minutes and lay listening to the weary screeching of the wind. An idea was slowly forming and growing in his brain, an idea that gained strength every time that he looked across at the man who was fighting so grimly against pain and exhaustion. In the pain and **languor** that Ulrich himself was feeling, the old fierce hatred seemed to be dying down.

“Neighbor,” he said presently, “do as you please if your men come first. It was a fair compact. But as for me, I’ve changed my mind. If my men are the first to come, you shall be the first to be helped, as though you were my guest. We have quarreled like devils all our lives over this stupid strip of forest, where the trees can’t even stand upright in a breath of wind. Lying here tonight, thinking, I’ve come to think we’ve been rather fools; there are better things in life than getting the better of a boundary dispute. Neighbor, if you will help me to bury the old quarrel, I—I will ask you to be my friend.”

Georg Znaeym was silent for so long that Ulrich thought perhaps he had fainted with the pain of his injuries. Then he spoke slowly and in jerks.

6. **draft** *n.*: drink.

7. **open winter**: mild winter.



Dudley Dana/Nonstock.

“How the whole region would stare and gabble if we rode into the market square together. No one living can remember seeing a Znaeym and a von Gradwitz talking to one another in friendship. And what peace there would be among the forester folk if we ended our feud tonight. And if we choose to make peace among our people, there is none other to interfere, no interlopers from outside. . . . You would come and keep the Sylvester night<sup>8</sup> beneath my roof, and I would come and feast on some high day at your castle. . . . I would never fire a shot on your land, save when you invited me as a guest; and you should come and shoot with me down in the marshes where the wild-fowl are. In all the countryside there are none that could hinder if we willed to make peace. I never thought to have wanted to do other than hate you all my life, but I think I have changed my mind about things too, this last half-hour. And you offered me your wine flask. . . . Ulrich von Gradwitz, I will be your friend.”

For a space both men were silent, turning over in their minds the wonderful changes that this dramatic **reconciliation** would bring about. In the cold, gloomy forest, with the wind tearing in fitful gusts through the naked branches and whistling round the tree trunks, they lay and waited for the help that would now bring release and **succor** to both parties. And each prayed a private prayer that his men might be the first to arrive, so that he might be the first to show honorable attention to the enemy that had become a friend.

8. **Sylvester night**: feast day honoring Saint Sylvester (Pope Sylvester I, d. 335), observed on December 31.

## Notes

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## VOCABULARY

### reconciliation

(rek'ən-sil'ē-ā'shən) *n.*: friendly end to a quarrel.

**succor** (suk'ər) *n.*: help given to someone in distress; relief.

## COMPARE & CONTRAST

Pause at line 175. Earlier in the story (lines 83–100), why did each man hope that his friends would be the first to arrive? What has changed?

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**INTERPRET**

Pause at line 203. The **narrator** doesn't reveal who is coming toward the men. What effect does this lack of information create?

**IDENTIFY**

Read to the end of the story. Underline the one word that reveals the story's **surprise ending**.

**ANALYZE**

Why is it fitting that the two men, who were hunting each other in the forest that winter night, are discovered by wolves rather than by rescuers?

Presently, as the wind dropped for a moment, Ulrich broke the silence.

"Let's shout for help," he said; "in this lull our voices may carry a little way."

180 "They won't carry far through the trees and undergrowth," said Georg, "but we can try. Together, then."

The two raised their voices in a prolonged hunting call.

"Together again," said Ulrich a few minutes later, after listening in vain for an answering halloo.

"I heard something that time, I think," said Ulrich.

"I heard nothing but the pestilential<sup>9</sup> wind," said Georg hoarsely.

There was silence again for some minutes, and then Ulrich gave a joyful cry.

190 "I can see figures coming through the wood. They are following in the way I came down the hillside."

Both men raised their voices in as loud a shout as they could muster.

"They hear us! They've stopped. Now they see us. They're running down the hill toward us," cried Ulrich.

"How many of them are there?" asked Georg.

"I can't see distinctly," said Ulrich; "nine or ten."

"Then they are yours," said Georg; "I had only seven out with me."

200 "They are making all the speed they can, brave lads," said Ulrich gladly.

"Are they your men?" asked Georg. "Are they your men?" he repeated impatiently, as Ulrich did not answer.

"No," said Ulrich with a laugh, the idiotic chattering laugh of a man unstrung with hideous fear.

"Who are they?" asked Georg quickly, straining his eyes to see what the other would gladly not have seen.

"Wolves."

9. **pestilential** (pes'tə-len'shəl) *adj.*: Strictly speaking, *pestilential* means "deadly; causing disease; harmful." Here, Georg uses the word to mean "cursed."

## The Interlopers

**Narrator Questionnaire** This story is told by an **omniscient narrator**, who knows all the story's secrets. Fill out this chart to examine the way **point of view** affects the plot and characters of "The Interlopers."

1. Does the narrator reveal the thoughts and feelings of the two men? Explain.

2. How would the story be different if it were told from the point of view of *one* of the men?

3. How might the story be different if it were told from the point of view of the wolves?